## 13.7.2 Parameter Measurement

The MOSFET devices that will be used in this experiment are contained in the MC14007/CD4007 IC. This IC has 3 n channel and 3 p channel enhancement mode MOSFETs. The pinouts are shown in Fig. 13.18. Normally, pin 14 is required to be the most positive pin and pin 7 is required to be the most negative pin.

It is not necessary to connect pin 14 to anything for this step in the experiment. Only transistor N1 will be used. The only laboratory instruments required in this step in the procedure are the laboratory DC power supply and a DVM. Assemble the circuit shown in Fig. 13.19.

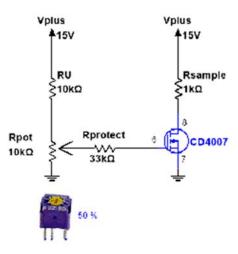


Figure 13.19: MOSFET Parameter Measurement Circuit.

Set the DC power supply voltage for 15 V. The +20 V output is connected to  $V_{plus}$  and the COMMON on the DC power supply is connected to the circuit ground. Because the resistor  $R_{sample}$  is in series with the drain of the MOSFET and has a value of  $1\,\mathrm{k}\Omega$  the DC voltage measured across it is numerically equal to the drain current in mA. Adjust the pot until the DC voltage across  $R_{sample}$  is 7V. Measure the DC voltage from pin 6 to pin 7 with the DVM (this is the corresponding gate-to-source voltage). Record these voltages. Repeat for voltages across  $R_{sample}$  of 6V, 5V, 4V, and 3V. Use this set of drain current,  $I_D$ , as a function of the gate-to-source voltage,  $V_{GS}$ , to plot  $\sqrt{I_D}$  versus  $V_{GS}$ . Any plotting program can be used. This should be a straight line with a slope of  $\sqrt{K}$  and a y intercept of  $-\sqrt{K}V_{TH}$ . Include the data taken, the plot, and the measured values of K and  $V_{TH}$  in the lab report.

MOSFET Parameter

Measurement

 $R_D = 1 k\Omega$ 

Measured Data

> VoltageMeasured Across  $R_D$

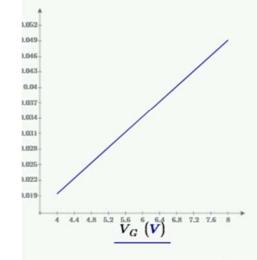
GateVoltage

$$V_G \coloneqq \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 5 \\ 6 \\ 7 \\ 8 \end{bmatrix} \qquad \boxed{V_G} \coloneqq V_G \cdot 1 \; V \qquad \qquad I \coloneqq \begin{bmatrix} 0.37518 \\ 0.719279 \\ 1.174 \\ 1.74 \\ 2.418 \end{bmatrix} \qquad \boxed{I} \coloneqq I \cdot \frac{1 \; V}{R_D}$$

$$V_G = V_G \cdot 1 V$$

$$I \coloneqq \begin{bmatrix} 0.37518 \\ 0.719279 \\ 1.174 \\ 1.74 \\ 2.418 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\boxed{l} \coloneqq I \cdot \frac{1}{R_D} \frac{V}{R_D}$$



$$\sqrt{I} \, \left( \frac{1}{A^2} \right)$$

$$m\!\coloneqq\!\operatorname{slope}\left(\!V_G,\sqrt{I}\right)\!=\!0.007\;\frac{A^{\frac{1}{2}}}{V}\qquad \qquad b\!\coloneqq\!\operatorname{intercept}\left(\!V_G,\sqrt{I}\right)\!=\!-0.01\;A^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$K \coloneqq m^2 = 55.504 \frac{\mu A}{V^2}$$

 $K := m^2 = 55.504 \frac{\mu A}{V^2}$   $KP := 2 \cdot K = 0.111 \frac{mA}{V^2}$   $V_{TH} := \frac{-b}{\sqrt{K}} = 1.4 V$ 

The above

was made with

Mathcad Prime

8

which permits units

```
%MOSpara;Matlab;
x=[4,5,6,7,8];RD=1000;I=[0.37518,0.719279,1.174,1.74,2.418]/RD;
y=sqrt(I);
plot(x,y);title('sqrt Drain Current vs VG');xlabel('VG');ylabel('sqrt(ID)');
p=polyfit(x,y,1);m=p(1,1);b=p(1,2);
K=m^2
VT=-b/sqrt(K)
KP=K*2
                                                                              #
K =
   5.5504e-05
VT =
    1.4004
KP =
   1.1101e-04
                  #
```